

Thomas J. Smith, of Beaver Dam, Virginia, the sum of \$3,041.95, in full settlement of all claims against the United States for loss of salary, loss of annual leave, all caused by his having been separated without pay from the employment of the Public Housing Administration for the period from July 25, 1947, to March 1, 1948, which separation was unjustified and unwarranted as evidenced by the findings of the Civil Service Commission in their opinion dated February 5, 1948, directing his reinstatement: *Provided*, That no part of the amount appropriated in this Act in excess of 10 per centum thereof shall be paid or delivered to or received by any agent or attorney on account of services rendered in connection with this claim, and the same shall be unlawful, any contract to the contrary notwithstanding. Any person violating the provisions of this Act shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be fined in any sum not exceeding \$1,000.

Approved August 6, 1956.

# Private Law 876

## CHAPTER 998

### AN ACT

For the relief of certain aliens.

August 6, 1956  
[S. 3196]

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled*, That Helen Mar Stanger, who lost United States citizenship under the provisions of section 401 (e) of the Nationality Act of 1940, may be naturalized by taking, prior to one year after the date of the enactment of this Act, before any court referred to in subsection (a) of section 310 of the Immigration and Nationality Act or before any diplomatic or consular officer of the United States abroad, an oath as prescribed by section 337 of such Act. From and after naturalization under this Act, the said Helen Mar Stanger shall have the same citizenship status as that which existed immediately prior to its loss.

Helen M. Stanger,  
54 Stat. 1168,  
8 USC 801 note.

56 Stat. 239, 258,  
8 USC 1421,  
1448.

SEC. 2. Paul Edward Horn, who lost United States citizenship under the provisions of section 404 (c) of the Nationality Act of 1940, may be naturalized by taking, prior to one year after the date of the enactment of this Act, before any court referred to in subsection (a) of section 310 of the Immigration and Nationality Act or before any diplomatic or consular officer of the United States abroad, an oath as prescribed by section 337 of such Act. From and after naturalization under this Act, the said Paul Edward Horn shall have the same citizenship status as that which existed immediately prior to its loss.

Paul E. Horn,  
8 USC 801 note.

8 USC 1421,  
1448.

SEC. 3. Elise Delree, who lost United States citizenship under the provisions of section 404 (c) of the Nationality Act of 1940, as amended, may be naturalized by taking prior to one year after the effective date of this Act, before any court referred to in subsection (a) of section 310 of the Immigration and Nationality Act or before any diplomatic or consular officer of the United States abroad, the oaths prescribed by section 337 of the said Act. From and after naturalization under this Act, the said Elise Delree shall have the same citizenship status as that which existed immediately prior to its loss.

Elise Delree,  
8 USC 801 note.

8 USC 1421,  
1428.

Approved August 6, 1956.